**Delinquency Disposition** 

## **IMMIGRATION CONSEQUENCES OF JUVENILE DELINQUENCY** Inadmissibility (8 USC § 1182(a)) and Deportability (8 USC § 1227(a))

Although not a conviction for immigration purposes, a delinquency adjudication still can create problems for immigrants. Certain grounds of inadmissibility (bars to obtaining legal status) and deportability (loss of current legal status) do not depend upon conviction; mere "bad acts" or status can trigger the penalty. The following are commonly applied conduct-based grounds and the juvenile court dispositions that might provide the government with evidence that the person comes within the ground.

**Immigration Penalty & Waiver** 

Delinquency Disposition	Immigration Penalty & Waiver
Drug Trafficking: Sale, possession for sale,	Inadmissible where DHS/ICE has "reason to
cultivation, manufacture, distribution, delivery, other drug trafficking offenses	believe" participation in drug trafficking
other drug trafficking offenses	No waivers except for the S, T, or U visa. But
	arguments are emerging that this ground should
	not apply to juvenile conduct.
Drug Abuse or Addiction: Repeated drug	Inadmissible and deportable for drug addict or
findings, finding of abuse (more than one time	abuser
experimentation in the last year), addiction to	
drugs	Waivers often available
Behavior showing a physical or mental	Inadmissible for physical or mental disability
condition that poses a current threat to self	posing threat to self or other
or others: including suicide attempt, torture,	
mayhem, repeated sexual offenses against	Waivers may be available
younger children (predator), perhaps repeated	
alcohol offenses (showing alcoholism)	
<b>Prostitution</b> (being the prostitute or the pimp, not the customer)	Inadmissible for engaging in prostitution
	Waivers often available
Violations of protective or "no-contact"	Deportable where court finds violation of
orders designed to prevent repeated	domestic violence protective order designed to
harassment, credible threats of violence or	prevent repeated harassment, credible threats of
bodily injury	violence or bodily injury
	Some waivers available
False Claim to U.S. Citizenship: Use of false	Inadmissible and deportable for false claim to
documents and fraud offenses relating to false claim to citizenship	U.S. citizenship
	Waivers may be available, e.g., SIJS and U Visa

**WARNING!** Be aware that anyone who participates in a gang or is alleged by the government to be gang-involved is a top priority for immigration apprehension, detention, and deportation. Please contact the ILRC for assistance if gang membership or association is alleged. Violent offenses and sex offenses can cause also problems for noncitizen youth including being placed in secure detention and denial of immigration applications as a matter of discretion. Go to <u>www.ilrc.org</u> for more information and resources on immigration consequences of delinquency.

## Diagnostic Questions For Noncitizen Youth: Determining Potential Avenues For Legal Status

1. Is the child a U.S. citizen without knowing it?

A. Anyone born in the U.S. or Puerto Rico is a citizen, and born in Guam, American Samoa, or Swains Island is a national who can't be deported.

B. If person born outside the U.S., ask two threshold questions to see if the person automatically is a **U.S. citizen**. If the answer to either might be yes, refer for immigration counseling.

- Was there a U.S. citizen parent or grandparent at time of person's birth? Or,
- Before person's 18<sup>th</sup> birthday, did both of these events happen (in either order): child became a permanent resident, and at least one natural or adoptive (but not step-) parent having someform of custody over the child is or becomes a U.S. citizen. (Tip: Encourage the parent to naturalize!)

2. Is the child currently under juvenile court jurisdiction (including delinquency) where the court has ruled (or could rule) that the child (a) *cannot be reunified with one or both parents* because of abuse, neglect or abandonment or a similar basis under state law and (b) that it would not be in the child's best interest to be returned to the home country? The child may qualify for *special immigrant juvenile status*.

- The child need not be in foster care to be eligible, and may be living with the non-abusive parent.
- IMPORTANT: If possible, the child should stay under the jurisdiction of the court until the entire SIJS application is adjudicated, so watch out for youth aging out. If this is not possible, request that the court explicitly state that termination of jurisdiction is being done based on age.

3. Has the child been abused by a *U.S. citizen or permanent resident* spouse or parent, including adoptive, natural, or step-parent? Has the child's parent been a victim of domestic violence by his/her U.S. citizen or permanent resident spouse? Consider *VAWA relief*.

- Child doesn't need to be under court jurisdiction, and may be residing with the other parent.
- Child will need to show "good moral character." Violent crimes will be a negative factor, but can be offset if there is a connection between the abuse and the bad conduct.

4. Has the child been a victim of a serious crime or of human trafficking? Is the child willing to cooperate with authorities to investigate or prosecute the offense? Consider the *S*, *T*, *or U visas*.

• These are some of the few forms of relief available even if the child has a drug trafficking delinquency disposition.

5. Does the child have a *U.S citizen or permanent resident parent or spouse* who is willing to petition for her? Investigate **family immigration.** 

• To immigrate through an adoptive parent the adoption must be completed by the child's 16<sup>th</sup> birthday. These laws are complicated if the child is from a country that is a signatory to the Hague Convention.

6. Does the child come from a country that's recently experienced *civil war or natural disaster*? Does the child fear return to their home country because of *persecution*? Investigate various forms of relief such as **asylum and temporary protected status.**